

Local systems on complements of arrangements

$$\mathcal{A} = \{H_1, \dots, H_n\} \subset \mathbb{C}^l, \quad H_j = \{\alpha_j = 0\} \quad Q = Q(\mathcal{A}) = \prod \alpha_j$$

$$M = M(\mathcal{A}) = \mathbb{C}^l - \bigcup_{j=1}^n H_j$$

Local system  $\mathcal{L}$  on  $M$  is :

- Bundle of (Abelian) groups

$\{V_x, x \in M\}$  For  $\gamma_{xy}$  HTPY class of paths  
 $x \rightarrow y$  in  $M$

have  $\gamma_{xy}: V_x \rightarrow V_y$  iso.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 V_x & \xrightarrow{\gamma_{xy}} & V_y \\
 (\gamma_{xy} \gamma_{yz}) \circ \gamma_{xz} & \searrow & \swarrow \gamma_{yz} \\
 \parallel & & V_z \\
 \gamma_{yz} \circ \gamma_{xy} & & 
 \end{array}$$

- A REP.  $\rho: \pi_1(M, x_0) \rightarrow \text{Aut } V$

$V$  vector space

$\rho$  determines vector bundle  $E \rightarrow M$

$\tilde{M}$  univ. cover  $\pi_1 M$  acts on  $\tilde{M}$  by

Deck transformations

$$E = \tilde{M} \times V / \pi, M$$

$$(\tilde{m}, v) \sim (\gamma \tilde{m}, \rho(\gamma)v)$$

$$M = \tilde{M} / \pi, M$$

$E \rightarrow M$  is flat

• A flat connection  $\nabla$  on a vector bundle  $E \rightarrow M$

$$\nabla : \underbrace{\Sigma^0(E, M)}_{\text{sections}} \rightarrow \underbrace{\Sigma^1(E, M)}_{\text{1-forms}} \xrightarrow{\nabla_1} \Sigma^2(E, M)$$

$\nabla$  linear

$$\nabla(fs) = df s + f \nabla s$$

$\nabla$  flat if curvature  $\nabla_1 \circ \nabla = 0$

Homology  $H_*(M; \mathcal{L}) = H_*(C_*(\tilde{M}) \otimes_{\pi} V) \quad \pi = \pi, M$   
 $= H_*(C_*(M; \mathcal{L})) \quad \mathcal{L} \leftarrow \text{Rep. } \rho: \pi \rightarrow \text{Aut } V$

eg.  $\underset{V_{u(e_\Delta)}}{\partial}(\xi \cdot u) = \underset{u(e_\Delta)}{[\gamma(\xi)]} \partial_0 u + \sum_{i=1}^q (-1)^i \xi \partial_i u$   
 $u: \Delta^q \rightarrow M$

Hattori:  $\mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A}$  general position arrangement of  $n$  hyperplanes in  $\mathbb{C}^d$  3

$M = M(\mathcal{A}) \simeq (T^n)^{(d)}$   $d$ -skeleton of the  $n$ -torus

using  $\rightarrow$  this explicit description of  $C_*(\tilde{M})$

$$C_k(\tilde{M}) = C_k(M) \otimes \mathbb{Z}\pi \simeq \mathbb{Z}^{\binom{n}{k}} \otimes \mathbb{Z}\pi$$

$d(e_I \otimes \omega)$

$e_I = e_{i_1} e_{i_2} \dots e_{i_k}$   
basis for  $\mathbb{Z}^{\binom{n}{k}}$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k (-1)^{j-1} e_{i_1} \dots \hat{e}_{i_j} \dots e_{i_k} \otimes \omega(\gamma_{i_j} - 1)$$

where  $\gamma_j$  is the meridian about  $H_j$

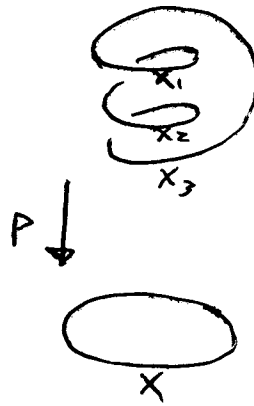
Thm Suppose  $\mathcal{L} \leftarrow \rho: \pi_1 M(\mathcal{A}) \rightarrow \text{Aut } V$ ,  $V$  f.d.  $\mathbb{C}$ -vector space  $\gamma_j \mapsto T_j$

If  $\exists j$  so that 1 is not an eigenvalue of  $T_j$  then  $H_q(M(\mathcal{A}); \mathcal{L}) = 0$  for  $q \neq d$ .

Ex: If  $E \rightarrow B$  is a fibration

then  $\{H_j(\pi^{-1}(b))\}$  is a bundle of groups on  $B$

eg.  $P: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$   
 $z \mapsto z^k$



Leray-Serre

$$H_i(\text{Base } S^1; H_j(\mathcal{P}(x))) \Rightarrow H_{i+j}(\text{Cover } S^1)$$

$$H_*(\text{Base } S^1; \mathcal{L}) \cong H_*(\text{Cover } S^1)$$

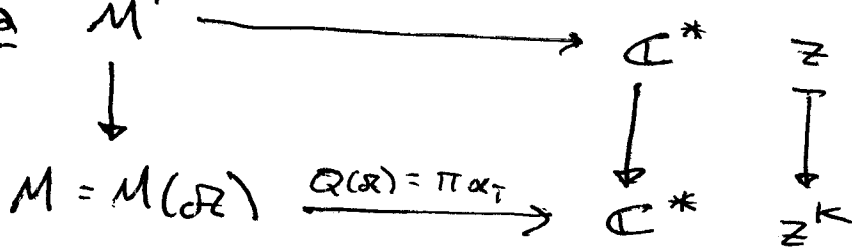
$\pi_1(\text{Base } S^1)$  acts on  $H_0(p^{-1}(x))$

by a cyclic permutation

$$\pi_1 S^1 \rightarrow \text{Aut } V, \quad V = H_0(p^{-1}(x))$$

$$\gamma \mapsto T$$

pullback  
 cyclic  
 k-fold  
 cover



$$H_*(M') \cong H_*(M; \mathcal{L})$$

$$\mathcal{L} \hookrightarrow \pi_1 M \rightarrow \text{Aut } V$$

$$\gamma_j \mapsto T \quad \text{cyclic permutations}$$

case  $k = |\mathcal{A}| + 1$   $M' \cong$  Milnor fiber of  $c\mathcal{A}$  [5]   
↑ come of  $\mathcal{A}$

Hattori's complex features

$$C_k(\tilde{M}) \cong (\mathbb{Z}\pi)^{b_k} \quad b_k = b_k M(\mathcal{A}) = \text{rank}(H_k(M(\mathcal{A})))$$

$\partial$  explicit

$$\partial \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}\pi} \mathbb{Z} = 0$$

If  $M$  is aspherical,  $H_*(M; \mathcal{L}) = H_*(C_*(\pi) \otimes_{\pi} V)$

where  $\pi = \pi_1 M$ ,  $\mathcal{L} \leftarrow \rho: \pi \rightarrow \text{Aut } V$

$C_*(\pi) \xrightarrow{\varepsilon} \mathbb{Z}$  free resolution

Ex  $M = \mathbb{C} - n$  pts  $\pi = \pi_1 M = F_n = \langle \gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_n \rangle$

$C_*(\pi)$  (Hattori's complex)

$M = \mathbb{C} - n$  pts is fiber of  $P_{n+1}: F_{n+1}(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow F_n(\mathbb{C})$

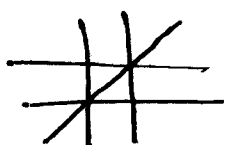
$M = M(\mathcal{A}) = M(\mathcal{A}_{n,\ell}) = F_{\ell}(\mathbb{C} - n \text{ pts})$  fiber of

discriminantal arrangements

$$F_{n+\ell}(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow F_n(\mathbb{C})$$

eg.

$\mathcal{A}_{2,2}$



$$\pi M(\mathcal{A}_{2,2}) \cong F_3 \times F_2$$

$$\pi_1 M(\mathcal{R}_{n,r}) = \ker(P_{n+r} \rightarrow P_n)$$

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$$\cong F_{n+r-1} \times \dots \times F_n$$

An almost direct product of free groups

C-Suain: constructed  $C_*(\pi) \xrightarrow{\epsilon} \mathbb{Z}$

for eg.  $\pi = \pi_1 M(\mathcal{R}_{n,r})$

using almost direct structure & Fox calculus

Features:  $C_k(\pi)$  free  $\mathbb{Z}\pi$ -module rank  $b_k M(\mathcal{R}_{n,r})$

$$\partial_{\mathbb{Z}\pi} \otimes \mathbb{Z} = 0$$

$$H_*(M, \mathcal{L}) = H_*\left(C_*(\pi) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}\pi} V\right), \quad P_n \text{ acts on } H_*(M, \mathcal{L})$$

$M = M(\mathcal{R}_{n,r})$

Any  $\mathcal{R}$  in  $\mathbb{C}^2$

Let  $w_j = \frac{\partial x_j}{\alpha_j}, \quad P_j \in \text{End } \mathbb{C}^r$

$w = \sum_{j=1}^n w_j \otimes P_j$  in  ~~$\mathbb{Z}'(*\mathcal{R}) \otimes \mathbb{C}^r$~~   $\mathbb{Z}'(*\mathcal{R}) \otimes \text{End } \mathbb{C}^r$  Global rat'l forms w/ poles along  $\mathcal{R}$

$w$  gives a connection  $\nabla$  on trivial along  $\mathcal{R}$

v.b. /  $M(\mathcal{R}) \quad \nabla(\eta \otimes v) = d\eta \otimes v + \sum_{j=1}^n w_j \eta \otimes P_j v$

Flat if  $w \wedge w = 0 \implies \mathcal{L}$  on  $M(\mathcal{R})$   $\square$

Algebraic De Rham theorem

$$H^*(M; \mathcal{L}) \cong H^*(\Omega^*(\mathcal{R}) \otimes \mathbb{C}^r, \nabla)$$

$A = A(\mathcal{R})$  O.S. algebra

$$(A^\bullet \otimes \mathbb{C}^r, \omega) \hookrightarrow (\Omega^\bullet(\mathcal{R}) \otimes \mathbb{C}^r)$$

Edge of  $\mathcal{R}$ :  $X \in L(\mathcal{R}) - \{\mathbb{C}^r\}$

$$\mathcal{R}_X = \{H \in \mathcal{R} \mid H \geq X\}$$

$$P_X = \sum_{H_j \geq X} P_{H_j}$$

$X$  dense if  $\mathcal{R}_X$  is irreducible

$\mathcal{R}_\infty$  proj. closure of  $\mathcal{R}$

$$\mathcal{R}_\infty = \{\overline{H_1}, \dots, \overline{H_n}, H_\infty\} \text{ in } \mathbb{P}^r$$

[ESV-STV]

If the eigenvalues of  $P_X$  are not in  $\mathbb{Z}_{>0}$

$\forall$  dense edges  $X$  of  $\mathcal{R}_\infty$  then

$$H^*(A^\bullet \otimes \mathbb{C}^r, \omega) \cong H^*(M; \mathcal{L})$$

[Yuz] If the eigenvalues of  $P_X$  are not in  $\mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$

then  $H^q(A^\bullet \otimes \mathbb{C}^r, \omega) = 0$  for  $q \neq l$ .