

Homology of resonant local systems

all the considered local systems are rank 1 on complements of arrangements

\mathcal{A} arr. of complex hyperplanes in \mathbb{P}^m s.t.

$\bigcap_{H \in \mathcal{A}} H$ empty. $M = \mathbb{P}^m \setminus \bigcup_{H \in \mathcal{A}} H$ is complement

$N = \bigcup_{H \in \mathcal{A}} H$ divisor in \mathbb{P}^m

$\mathcal{L}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ rank 1 local system on M

$$\tau : \pi_1 M \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}^*$$

$$g_H \longmapsto \tau_H \in \mathbb{C}^*$$

definition: \mathcal{L} generic if $H_k(M, \mathcal{L}) = 0$

$$\forall k \neq m; \dim_{\mathbb{C}} H_m(M, \mathcal{L}) = |\chi(M)|$$

$X = H_{i_1} \cap \dots \cap H_{i_r}$ is a

dense edge

Def $\mathcal{L}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ is resonant at dense edge X if

if $Z_x = 1$ monodromy coefficient [Z

Also, \mathcal{L} is resonant if resonant at some dense edge.

Canonical embedded resolution N in \mathbb{P}^m

$$p: Z \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^m$$

$$D = p^{-1}(N)$$

normal crossing divisor

$$p: Z/D \xrightarrow{\cong} M \quad \text{diffeomorphism}$$

irreducible smooth components D_x , x dense of \mathcal{L} , edge of \mathcal{L} ,

$Z_x =$ monodromy of loop about D_x

Thm If \mathcal{L} is ~~a~~ non-resonant and generic then $h: H_m(M, \mathcal{L}) \rightarrow H_m^{\text{lf}}(M, \mathcal{L})$ is an isomorphism.

locally finite homology

[K, S.T.V., F.T., O.S., V., ...]

Remark: [Cohen-Dimca-orbits] If $\exists H$ hyperplane s.t. \forall dense edges $x \geq H$ $Z_x \neq 1$ then \mathcal{L} is generic.

Main Problem: Study the homomorphism h 13
where \mathcal{L} is resonant generic.

If \mathcal{L} is resonant then, in general, h
fails to be an isomorphism.

i) ^{want} $\ker h$, $\text{Im } h =$ Regulizable
classes
and their dimensions \parallel

$$H_m^{\text{rk}}(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L})_{\text{reg}}$$

ii) ^{want} nice, natural bases for
(geometric)

$$H_m(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L}), H_m^{\text{rk}}(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L})_{\text{reg}},$$
$$H_m^{\text{rk}}(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L}).$$

Known $m=2$

Mimachi, Ochiai, Yoshida

$$\dim_{\mathbb{C}} H_m^{\text{rk}}(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L})_{\text{reg}}.$$

\mathcal{A} real complexified arrangement

$$\mathcal{L} \text{ non-resonant } H_m(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L}) \xrightarrow{h} H_m^{\text{rk}}(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L}) =$$

with Bube basis

$$= \bigoplus [\Delta]$$

$\Delta \in$ bounded chambers
in $\mathcal{R}_{\mathbb{R}}$

For \mathcal{L} resonant, in general, $H_m^{\text{reg}}(M, \mathcal{L})$

is generated by $\{[\Delta]\}_{\Delta \in \text{bdd chambers}}$

but there are relations among them.

Theorem 1 Let Δ be a bounded chamber
in $\mathcal{R}_{\mathbb{R}}$ s.t. $\forall x \in H$, $\forall H$ touch $\bar{\Delta}$
dense edges

then $[\Delta] \in H_m^{\text{reg}}(M, \mathcal{L})$

s.t. \mathcal{L} is non-resonant at X .

Proof Uses ideas of Aomoto, Tsuchiya & Kanie

Technique: controlled tubular neighborhood stratified set D

Remark: Vassiliev - general construction for
hypersurfaces
and other work by Orlik & Sylvotti

\mathcal{A} fiber type arrangement

$$M_{\mathcal{A}} \text{ is a } K(\pi, M, 1)$$

$$\pi, M = F_{d_m} \times \dots \times F_{d_1}$$

iterated semi-direct product of free groups

D. Cohen Pure braid monodromies

Cohen-Suciu Constructed a finite resolution of \mathbb{Z} of free modules over $\mathbb{Z}\pi$

for $\pi = \pi, M_{\mathcal{A}}$

Using these ideas:

Theorem 2: \mathcal{A} fiber type arrangement
 \exists finite ^{cellular} chain complex of $\mathbb{Z}\pi$ -mods which is homotopy equivalent with cellular chain complex $C_*^{rk, Proj}(\tilde{M})$

\tilde{M} - universal covering

$$\dots \rightarrow C_{m+1}^{rf} \rightarrow C_m^{rf} \rightarrow 0$$

$\overset{\mathbb{Z}^m}{=}$

where $C_{2m-k}^{rf} = \bigoplus_{1 \leq p_1 < \dots < p_k \leq m} (\mathbb{Z}G)^{d_{p_1} - d_{p_k}}$

with twisted differential

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(essentially given by version of Cassner
representation)